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and control of DOE, or lands permanently withdrawn and reserved for its use.

- (2) These lands must be held free and clear of all encumbrances, if significant, such as:
- (i) Rights arising under the general mining laws;
 - (ii) Easements for right-of-way; and
- (iii) All other rights arising under lease, rights of entry, deed, patent, mortgage, appropriation, prescription, or otherwise.
- (b) Additional controls for permanent closure. Appropriate controls must be established outside of the geologic repository operations area. DOE shall exercise any jurisdiction and control over surface and subsurface estates necessary to prevent adverse human actions that could significantly reduce the geologic repository's ability to achieve isolation. The rights of DOE may take the form of appropriate possessory interests, servitudes, or withdrawals from location or patent under the general mining laws.
- (c) Additional controls through permanent closure. Appropriate controls must be established outside the geologic repository operations area. DOE shall exercise any jurisdiction or control of activities necessary to ensure the requirements at §63.111(a) and (b) are met. Control includes the authority to exclude members of the public, if necessary.
- (d) Water rights. (1) DOE shall also have obtained such water rights as may be needed to accomplish the purpose of the geologic repository operations area.
- (2) Water rights are included in the additional controls to be established under paragraph (b) of this section.

Subpart F—Performance Confirmation Program

$\S 63.131$ General requirements.

- (a) The performance confirmation program must provide data that indicate, where practicable, whether:
- (1) Actual subsurface conditions encountered and changes in those conditions during construction and waste emplacement operations are within the limits assumed in the licensing review; and

- (2) Natural and engineered systems and components required for repository operation, and that are designed or assumed to operate as barriers after permanent closure, are functioning as intended and anticipated.
- (b) The program must have been started during site characterization, and it will continue until permanent closure.
- (c) The program must include in situ monitoring, laboratory and field testing, and in situ experiments, as may be appropriate to provide the data required by paragraph (a) of this section.
- (d) The program must be implemented so that:
- (1) It does not adversely affect the ability of the geologic and engineered elements of the geologic repository to meet the performance objectives.
- (2) It provides baseline information and analysis of that information on those parameters and natural processes pertaining to the geologic setting that may be changed by site characterization, construction, and operational activities.
- (3) It monitors and analyzes changes from the baseline condition of parameters that could affect the performance of a geologic repository.

§63.132 Confirmation of geotechnical and design parameters.

- (a) During repository construction and operation, a continuing program of surveillance, measurement, testing, and geologic mapping must be conducted to ensure that geotechnical and design parameters are confirmed and to ensure that appropriate action is taken to inform the Commission of design changes needed to accommodate actual field conditions encountered.
- (b) Subsurface conditions must be monitored and evaluated against design assumptions.
- (c) Specific geotechnical and design parameters to be measured or observed, including any interactions between natural and engineered systems and components, must be identified in the performance confirmation plan.
- (d) These measurements and observations must be compared with the original design bases and assumptions. If significant differences exist between the measurements and observations